Enhancing Patient Outcomes in Healthcare Systems Through Multidisciplinary Teamwork

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The increasingly complex needs of patients with cancer and their families call for a multidisciplinary team to achieve optimal patient outcomes. The purpose of the current article is to describe a teamwork model that can be used to address the needs of patients and the challenges associated with a healthcare system. The teamwork model was developed to address the mechanism needed to establish a paradigm shift in achieving high-quality patient care through effective teamwork.

Teamwork in Oncology

Given the complexity of oncology care, that teamwork model would be appropriate to apply in a cancer care setting with some expansion (see Figure 1). The authors propose including the patient's support network as members of the patient care team. The core team structure (i.e., physician, nurse, and patient) would not be affected by the inclusion of the support network. The change would emphasize the importance of the patient's family and friends in the care and well-being of the patient. When faced with a diagnosis of cancer and its treatment, patients may be overwhelmed by the amount of information they receive and choices they have to make. The patient often relies on the opinions and needs of family and friends to make healthcare decisions.

Another important aim of the teamwork model is to include the healthcare system because of its impact on the central care team (i.e., physician, nurse, and patient's support network). Factors within the healthcare system that affect the central care team include organization culture, reimbursement by insurance providers, healthcare regulations, cost of and access to care, and disease and treatment complexity (IOM, 2012; Starr, 2013).

Big Five Dimensions of Teamwork

The Big Five dimensions of teamwork include team leadership, mutual performance monitoring, backup behavior, adaptability, and team orientation.