Hospice and Palliative Care: Development and Challenges in China

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Palliative care is a multidisciplinary approach to health care for terminally ill patients, the purpose of which is to provide patients with relief from pain and physical and/or mental stress caused by a serious illness—whatever the diagnosis (Adler, Goldfinger, Kalman, Park, & Meier, 2009). The overarching aim of such treatment is to improve the quality of life for patients and their families. Generally speaking, palliative care can improve health-related quality of life in three ways: (a) relieving physical and emotional suffering, (b) improving and strengthening the process of doctor–patient and nurse–patient communication and decision making, and (c) ensuring coordinated and continuous care across multiple healthcare settings (e.g., hospital, home, hospice, long-term care facility) (Khosla, Patel, & Sharma, 2012).

China is the most populous country in the world, with roughly 1.37 billion people (Infoplease, 2015), and has the largest low-middle class in the world. Cancer causes 21% of all deaths in China (McNamee, 2014). It has long been recognized that palliative care provides better pain management and symptom control for patients with advanced illness in developed countries. Unfortunately, aggressive treatment of patients with advanced-stage cancer is prevalent in China, which largely results from the influence of traditional Chinese cultural values and ethics. This poses problems for the development of palliative care in China; therefore, this article aims to present a comprehensive discussion of the historic background, the current developments, and the challenges faced in the context of palliative care in China.

History of Palliative Care in China

In China, hospice and palliative care is an emerging specialty. In 1988, the first research center for palliative care was established in Tianjin Medical University. This was followed two years later by the first hospice and palliative facility. One of the most important steps in the development of palliative care was the establishment of the Chinese Association for Hospice and Palliative Care in 1993; this can be considered as a milestone in the history of palliative care in China. Three years later, the Chinese Journal of Hospice and Palliative Care was founded.