Ninety percent of patients with advanced cancer are reported to experience pain at some time during the course of their illness. This pain usually is improperly evaluated because it varies by patient and is difficult to control. Pain often cannot be conceptualized because of the individual nature of patient experience; however, patterns of pain occur in those suffering from similar conditions. This secondary analysis was conducted to examine the characteristics of pain in individuals with advanced cancer. The sample consisted of 717 patients with cancer who were receiving hospice home care in the southeastern United States. An understanding of the total pain experience, including type of pain and pain location, is important for addressing pain in patients with cancer in hospice care. More effective strategies are needed for pain management in this patient population. In addition, steps need to be taken to ensure that hospice care is understood by and made available to minorities.

Nadine Matthie, PhD, RN, CNL, is a postdoctoral fellow in the School of Nursing at the University of North Carolina in Chapel Hill, and Susan C. McMillan, PhD, ARNP, FAAN, is a distinguished professor in the College of Nursing at the University of South Florida in Tampa. The authors take full responsibility for the content of the article. This article was supported, in part, by a National Institute of Nursing Research grant (No. R01 NR008252). The content of this article has been reviewed by independent peer reviewers to ensure that it is balanced, objective, and free from commercial bias. No financial relationships relevant to the content of this article have been disclosed by the independent peer reviewers or editorial staff. Matthie can be reached at nmatthie@email.unc.edu, with copy to editor at CJONEditor@ons.org. (Submitted May 2013. Revision submitted July 2013. Accepted for publication July 14, 2013.)

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