Evidence-Based Management of Sepsis

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Sepsis is a potential life-threatening oncologic emergency. Early recognition and prompt intervention can decrease the morbidity and mortality associated with sepsis. The Surviving Sepsis Campaign Guidelines Committee updated its recommendations in 2012, outlining specific evidence-based interventions to manage sepsis.

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Evidence-Based Practice

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Evidence-Based Interventions

To address the growing incidence of sepsis, a panel of experts convened to develop recommendations for sepsis management. The Surviving Sepsis Campaign (SCC) Guidelines Committee first published Guidelines for the Management of Severe Sepsis and Septic Shock in 2004,

FIGURE 1. Sepsis Care Groups

Note. Based on information from Dellinger et al., 2013; Institute for Healthcare Improvement, 2013.